WRITTEN REPRESENTATION

SIZEWELL C PLANNING EXAMINATION

SUBMITTED BY WAYNE JONES - RR 20026801

Deadline 5 Comments

Issue Specific Hearing 6... Coastal Geomorphology

Extra information supplied during the hearing as addendum to the Written Representation and some points that were not raised due to time constraints (discretion of examiner).

- Present climate trends do not resemble any climate changes recorded in the last 10,000 years, but compare to increased industrial pollution, indicators of which are average temperature increase and calculated ice melt.
- EDF's attempts to show future parameters by comparison with past experience are meaningless.
- Predictive modelling does not 'predict' future outcomes, but merely provides a model into which parameters can be added as they become available.
- Oceanic processes are under-researched. The effects on tidal range of ocean level rise is virtually unpredictable and requires further future measurement.
- Storm surges are common around Britains coasts and are certain to become more severe in the coming decades .
- Storm surges can last for 24 hours or more and storms with high sustained windspeed approaching, but not reaching, hurricane strength appear to have the most destructive wave action.
- The December 26th 2013 Storm Erich proved extremely destructive to the coastline in Kerry, Ireland. It coincided with a period of astronomical high tides. Storm surges can straddle two periods of high tide because of the slowness of passing of the huge storm system associated with them. Kerry is usually more severe in it's weather events than West Wales and the Bristol

Channel, and is therefore a good indicator of what might be forthcoming for GB coasts in the near to medium term.

- Nuclear power stations are already at risk . 1981 December storm In England, high tides combined with a storm surge resulted in extensive flooding and £6 million worth of damage along the Somerset coast of the Bristol Channel, with the highest water recorded in the Channel since the start of the century. Water entered the cooling water pump house of Hinkley Point nuclear power station, causing a shut-down for weeks after the storm.
- The 1706 inundation in Somerset, widely and until recently, thought to have been a tsunami, was more likely to have been a storm surge event, and the extremely high water mark recordings inland may well have been floodwater associated with rainfall that had no means of escape. This kind of event was comparable to the tail end of Hurricane Charley which caused water to flow over the top of bridges, rather than underneath them, in West Wales.
- Ex-hurricane Charley, 25 August 1986, Rainfall records were broken in Ireland (e.g. 200 mm [7.9 in] in Kippure) with consequent flooding, up to 2.4 m (7.9 ft) in Dublin, and the storm also caused flooding in Wales and England.
- EDF plans for sea defences of it's two EPR sites will not be adequate to
 prevent massive inundation by sea water, or a combination of sea water
 and inland floodwater, during the expected lifetimes of operations of the
 site, I know this therefore they must know this. I therefore conclude that
 EDF's only consideration is economic on their own behalf and represents a
 disregard for the safety of the coastline and it's inhabitants in the
 foreseeable and unpredictable future.
- It has been shown that both sites will become subject to sea erosion on two sides by ocean level rise, therefore increasing the potential for further erosion by extreme flooding and storm surge events, without the potential for remedial construction of defences. Events that pose a threat to the integrity of EDF's structures could happen regularly within a month-scale period of time, rather than as one off extreme events. This has been the experience of extreme storm activity.
- For all these reasons and for those other reasons given in my
 Written Representation, I most emphatically oppose planning
 permission be given to EDF to start construction on the Sizewell
 C site, and request a further re-opening of the Hinkley Project
 examination, as I believe the planning process for that project to
 have been subject to inadequacies of purpose.